

CLAIMS

1. (Currently Amended) A method for automatically setting a gain for an amplifier in an optical network, comprising:

transmitting, from an upstream amplifier coupled to an optical span, a stable signal over the optical span, the stable signal comprising amplified spontaneous emission (ASE) of the upstream amplifier;

wherein the stable signal is transmitted such that the signal is received at a downstream amplifier coupled to the optical span at a power level of at least approximately – 30 dBm; ~~and~~

using the stable signal comprising the ASE of the upstream amplifier at the downstream amplifier coupled to the optical span to automatically set a gain of the downstream amplifier; and

blocking optical traffic communicating over the optical span before the optical traffic reaches the upstream amplifier using a shutter coupled to the optical span.

2. (Canceled)

3. (Canceled)

4. (Original) The method of Claim 1, further comprising communicating power level information of the stable signal to the downstream amplifier to be used to automatically set the gain of the downstream amplifier.

5. (Original) The method of Claim 4, wherein communicating power level information of the stable signal to the downstream amplifier comprises communicating power level information of the stable signal over an optical supervisory channel (OSC).

6. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the stable signal comprises a signal having a power variation over time of approximately 1 dB or less.

7. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the stable signal comprises a broadband signal.

8. (Canceled)

9. (Original) The method of Claim 1, further comprising transmitting a request over an optical supervisory channel (OSC) for transmission of the stable signal for setting gain automatically.

10. (Original) The method of Claim 1, further comprising notifying the upstream amplifier that the gain of the downstream amplifier has been set.

11. (Canceled)

12. (Original) The method of Claim 1, further comprising:
activating a setup mode of the upstream amplifier and the downstream amplifier before transmitting the stable signal over the optical span; and
transitioning the upstream amplifier and the downstream amplifier to a normal operation mode after using the stable signal at the downstream amplifier to automatically set the gain of the downstream amplifier.

13. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 12, wherein:
activating a setup mode of the downstream amplifier comprises transitioning the downstream amplifier to an automatic level control (ALC) mode; and
transitioning the downstream amplifier to a normal operation mode comprises transitioning the downstream amplifier to an automatic gain control (AGC) mode.

14. (Canceled)

15. (Currently Amended) The method of Claim 1~~Claim 14~~, wherein the shutter comprises a switch.

16. (Currently Amended) A system for automatically setting a gain for an amplifier in an optical network, comprising:

an upstream amplifier coupled to an optical span, the upstream amplifier configured for transmitting a stable signal over the optical span, the stable signal comprising amplified spontaneous emission (ASE) of the upstream amplifier;

wherein the stable signal is transmitted such that the signal is received at a downstream amplifier coupled to the optical span at a power level of at least approximately – 30 dBm; ~~and~~

the downstream amplifier coupled to the optical span, the downstream amplifier configured for using the stable signal comprising the ASE of the upstream amplifier to automatically set a gain of the downstream amplifier; and

a shutter coupled to the optical span, the shutter configured for blocking optical traffic communicating over the optical span before the optical traffic reaches the upstream amplifier.

17. (Canceled)

18. (Canceled)

19. (Previously Presented) The system of Claim 16, wherein:

the upstream amplifier and the downstream amplifier are configured for entering into a setup mode before transmission of the stable signal over the optical span; and

the upstream amplifier and the downstream amplifier are configured for transitioning to a normal operation mode after using the stable signal at the downstream amplifier to automatically set the gain of the downstream amplifier.

20. (Previously Presented) The system of Claim 19, wherein:

the downstream amplifier configured for entering into a setup mode comprises the downstream amplifier configured for transitioning to an automatic level control (ALC) mode; and

the downstream amplifier configured for transitioning to a normal operation mode comprises the downstream amplifier configured for transitioning to an automatic gain control (AGC) mode.

21. (Currently Amended) The system of Claim 16~~Claim 17~~, wherein the upstream amplifier is configured for communicating power level information of the stable signal to the downstream amplifier to be used to automatically set the gain of the downstream amplifier.

22. (Previously Presented) The system of Claim 21, wherein the upstream amplifier is configured for communicating power level information of the stable signal to the downstream amplifier over an optical supervisory channel (OSC).

23. (Original) The system of Claim 16, wherein the stable signal comprises a signal having a power variation over time of approximately 1 dB or less.

24. (Original) The system of Claim 16, wherein the stable signal is a broadband signal.

25. (Canceled)

26. (Previously Presented) The system of Claim 16, wherein the downstream amplifier is further configured for transmitting a request over an optical supervisory channel (OSC) for transmission of a stable signal for setting gain automatically.

27. (Canceled)

28. (Canceled)

29. (Currently Amended) The system of Claim 16~~Claim 28~~, wherein the shutter comprises a switch.

30. (Original) A method for automatically setting a gain for an amplifier in an optical network, comprising:

activating an automatic level control (ALC) mode of a downstream amplifier coupled to an optical span;

transmitting, from an upstream amplifier coupled to the optical span, a stable signal over the optical span, the stable signal comprising amplified spontaneous emission (ASE) of the upstream amplifier;

wherein the stable signal is transmitted at a power level such that the signal is received at the downstream amplifier at a power level of at least approximately -30 dBm;

wherein the stable signal comprises a broadband signal comprising a power variation over time of approximately 1 dB or less;

communicating, over an optical supervisory channel (OSC), power level information of the stable signal to the downstream amplifier to be used to automatically set a gain of the downstream amplifier;

using the stable signal and the power level information at the downstream amplifier to automatically set the gain of the downstream amplifier;

notifying the upstream amplifier that the gain of the downstream amplifier has been set;

transitioning the downstream amplifier to an automatic gain control (AGC) mode after using the stable signal and the power level information to automatically set the gain of the downstream amplifier; and

transitioning the upstream amplifier to a normal operation mode after using the stable signal and the power level information at the downstream amplifier to automatically set the gain of the downstream amplifier.